

**VESTFROST**



ZZ 261 F

Instructions for use



Thank you for purchasing your new freezer from Vestfrost. Please note that these instructions apply to all freezers in the ZZ range. Illustrations and fittings may therefore not necessarily correspond exactly to your model.

**Warning**

As the refrigerant used in this appliance is a flammable gas (Isobutane R600a), special care must be taken to prevent damage to the refrigerant circuit and piping during transport and installation.

If damage does occur, avoid sparks or naked flame in the vicinity of the appliance, ensure that the room is well ventilated, disconnect the power supply, and contact your supplier.

The unit must only be serviced by qualified technicians from an approved service centre.

**Old appliances**

Old refrigerators and freezers are often fitted with complicated latches that can only be opened from the outside. If you have one of these old units stored away somewhere, or if you scrap one, remember to destroy the latch first in order to prevent children from being exposed to danger by getting locked inside the unit.

**Disposal**

This appliance contains recyclable materials. Before disposing of the unit, detach the plug from the cable and remove the door. If the door is left on, the appliance is highly dangerous for children at play.

Environmental regulations on disposal must also be observed. When disposing of the appliance you should contact your local authority technical department who will inform you of how collection and recycling

of such units take place in your area.

**Before use**

Before operating your new appliance, please read the following instructions carefully as they contain important information on safe installation, operation and maintenance. Keep the instructions for future reference.

On receipt, check to ensure that the freezer has not been damaged during transport. Transport damage should be reported to the local distributor before the appliance is put to use.

Remove the packaging. Clean the inside of the cabinet using warm water with a mild detergent. Rinse with clean water and dry thoroughly (see cleaning instructions). Use a soft cloth.

If during transport the appliance has been laid down, or if it has been stored in cold surroundings (colder than +5°C), it must be allowed to stabilise in an upright position for at least an hour before being switched on. This provides time for the lubricating oil in the refrigeration system to flow back to the compressor before start-up.

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# Get to know your freezer

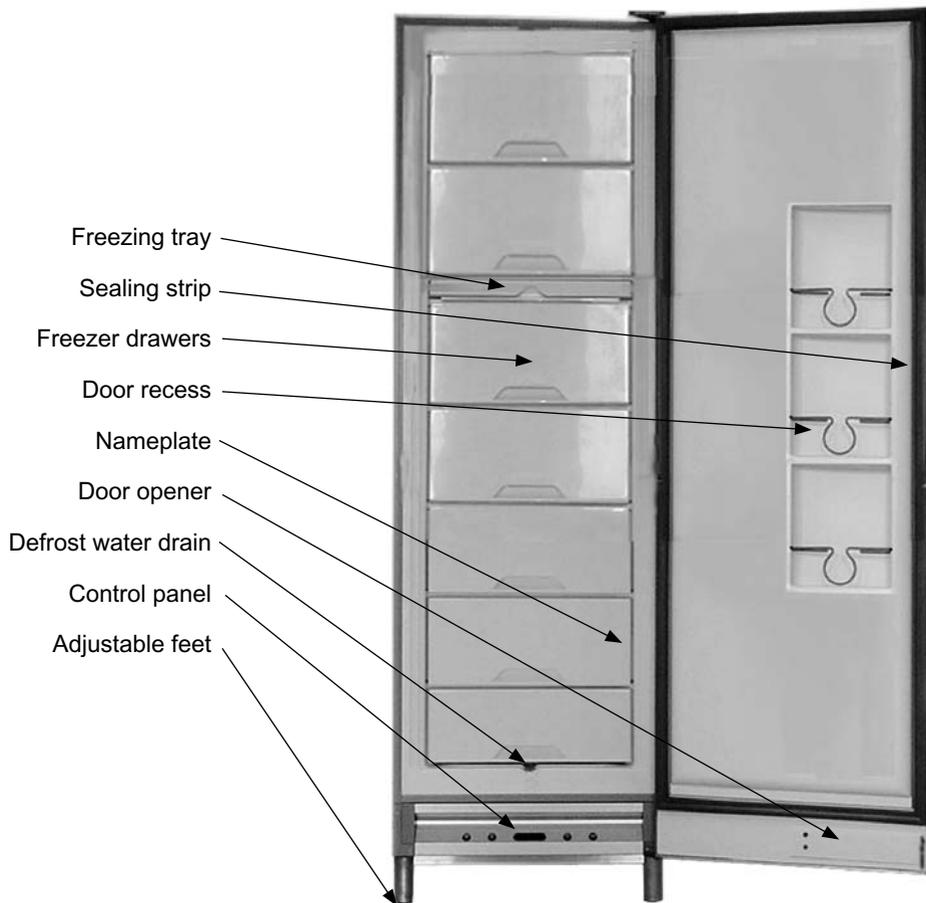


fig. 1

# Installation and start-up

## Placement

For safety and operational reasons, the appliance must not be installed outdoors.

The appliance should be placed on a level surface in a dry, well ventilated room (max. 75% relative air humidity). Never place the appliance close to sources of heat such as cookers or radiators, and avoid placing it in direct sunlight.

## Room temperature

The climate class is stated on the nameplate (see fig. 1 on page 3 and fig. 17 on page 15). This specifies the optimum room temperature.

Climate class	Optimum room temperature
SN	+10 °C to +32 °C
N	+16 °C to +32 °C
ST	+18 °C to +38 °C
T	+18 °C to +43 °C

## Installation

The surface on which the appliance is to be placed must be level. Do not use a frame or similar.

The appliance can be installed as a free-standing unit against a wall, built into a kitchen element, or lined up with other appliances. If the appliance is to be built into a kitchen element with plinth, the appliance base frame may be removed and replaced by the accompanying plastic feet and tilt-stop.

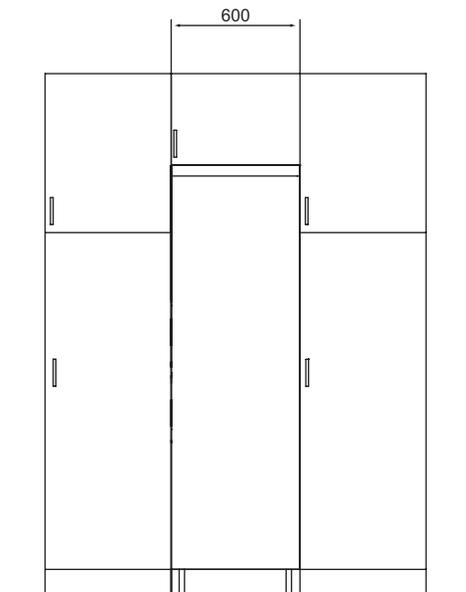


fig. 2

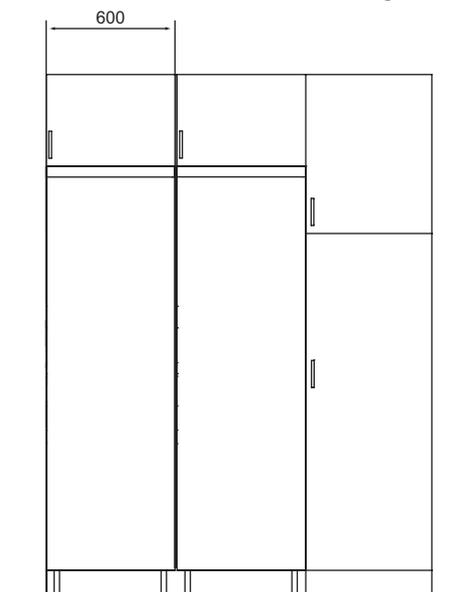


fig. 3

## The appliance viewed from above

If the appliance is placed beside a wall, there must be sufficient room for its door to be opened wide enough to allow the drawers to be pulled out (fig. 4).

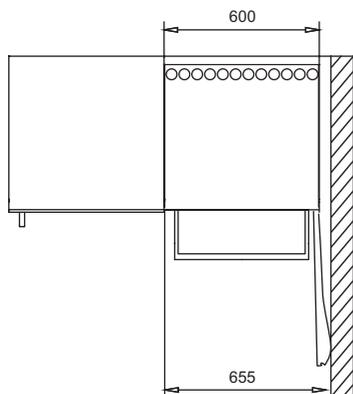


fig. 4

## Ventilation

It is important that the appliance is well ventilated and that air can circulate unhindered above, below and around it. The figures below illustrate how the necessary air circulation can be ensured (figs 5-6).

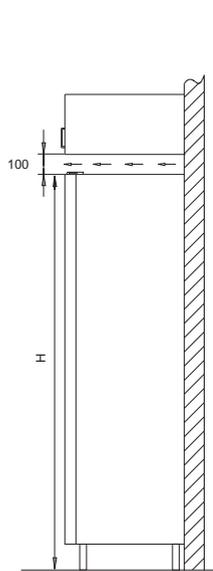


fig. 5

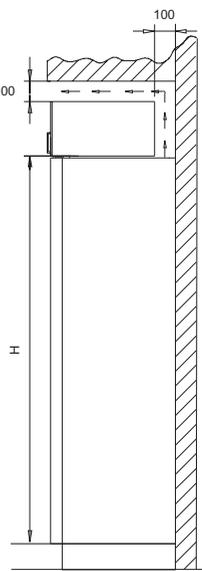
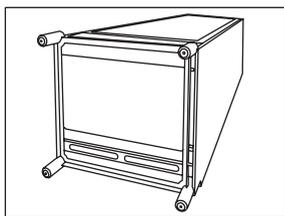


fig. 6

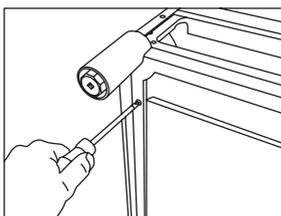
### Cabinet height (mm)

H in fig. 5 - 6	ZZ 261 F
With base frame	1945
Without base frame	1860

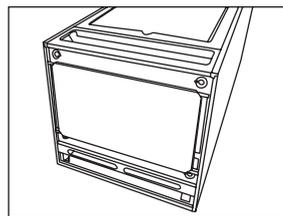
## Installation on plinth



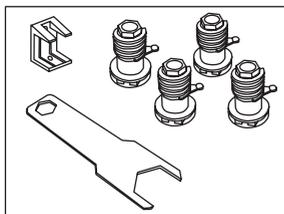
1. Lay the appliance on its back with the door uppermost



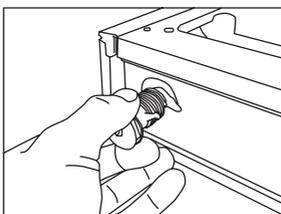
2. The base frame is attached by four screws. Unscrew these.



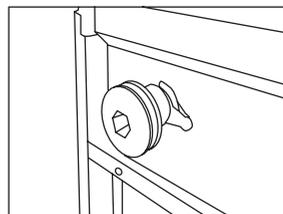
3. Then remove the base frame. Keep the base frame and screws for possible subsequent use.



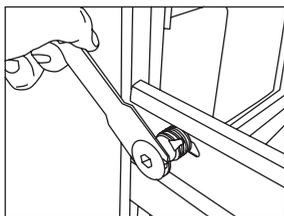
4. Unpack the bag containing plastic feet, spanner and tilt-stop.



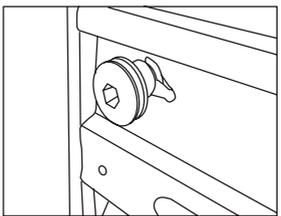
5. Screw the foremost feet into place.



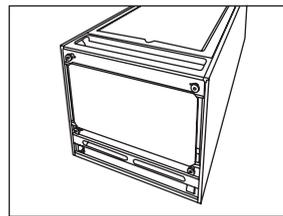
6. For optimum stability, the feet must be screwed home so the snap engages.



7. Screw the rearmost feet into place. If necessary, use the spanner.



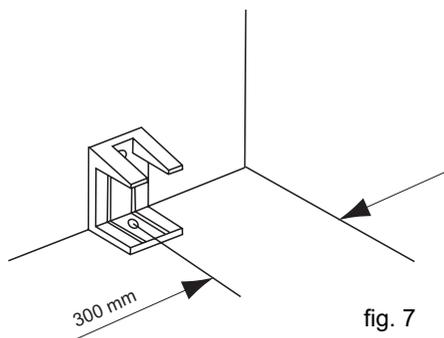
8. For optimum stability, the feet must be screwed home so the snap engages.



9. The cabinet can now be positioned on a plinth. Remember to fit the tilt-stop and to allow the cabinet to stabilise in an upright position for 1 hour before switching it on.

## Fitting the tilt-stop

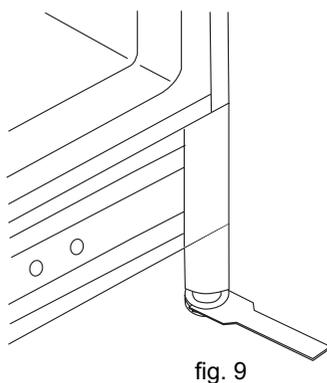
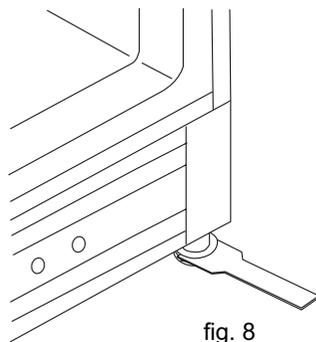
A tilt-stop can be fitted to prevent the unit from tilting forwards when the door is opened. **This is only necessary if the base frame has been removed and replaced by the accompanying plastic feet.** Fit the tilt-stop in a central position behind the unit, 300 mm from its side edge (fig. 7).



## Setting up

It is important that the appliance is absolutely level. The appliance can be levelled by screwing the adjustable feet up or down (figs 8-9). Use a spirit level to check that the appliance is absolutely level.

If the appliance is to be placed on a soft surface, e.g. floorboards or a carpet, it is best to recheck whether the appliance is still level after a period of time as the underlying surface may give under the weight of the appliance.



## Electrical connection

The cabinet is intended for connection to alternating current. The required voltage (V) and frequency (Hz) are stated on the rating plate, located inside the cabinet.

Power must be connected via a wall socket with a switch. The wall socket should be easily accessible.

All earthing requirements stipulated by local electricity authorities must be observed. The cabinet plug and wall socket should then provide correct earthing. If in doubt, contact your supplier or authorized electrician.

### Warning

**This appliance must be earthed.**

The flexible cord fitted to the appliance has three wires for use with a 3-pin 13-Amp. If a BS 1363 (13 Amp) fused plug is used, it should be fitted with a 13 Amp fuse.

### Important

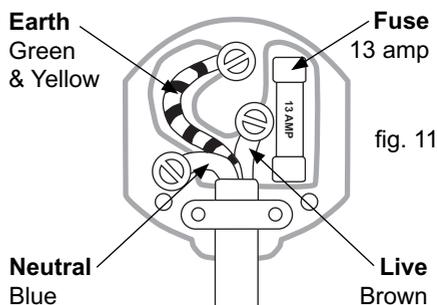
The wires in the power cord are coloured in accordance with the following code:  
 GREEN-AND-YELLOW: EARTH  
 BLUE: NEUTRAL  
 BROWN: LIVE

The wire colours used in the power cord of this appliance may not correspond with the colour markings identifying the terminals in your plug.

### Proceed as follows:

Connect the GREEN-AND-YELLOW wire to the plug terminal marked “E” or an earth symbol, or coloured GREEN or GREEN-AND-YELLOW. Connect the BLUE wire to the plug terminal marked “N” or coloured BLACK.

Connect the BROWN wire to the plug terminal marked “L” or coloured RED.



**In case of damage to the power cord it must be replaced by a power cord of corresponding type, available from the manufacturer or the service representative.**

### Technical data

The appliance concerned complies with CE marking regulation, Directives and standards.

Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC

Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336/EEC.

European Directive on Energy labelling 92/75 with subsequent modification 94/2 and 2003/66

European Directive on Energy efficiency 96/57 and subsequent modification.

# Operation and function

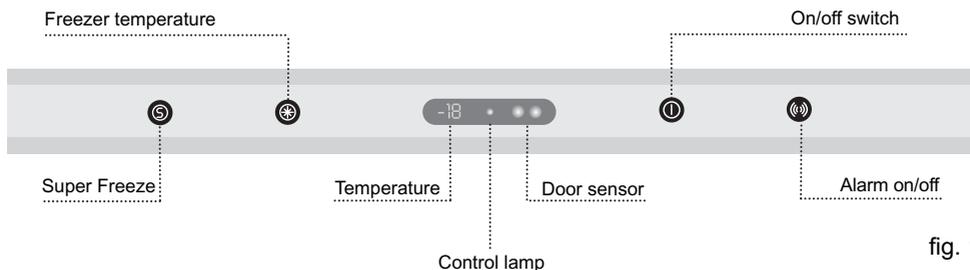


fig. 12

## Electronic controls

The appliance is factory set to maintain -18°C.

After switching the appliance on, it takes a few hours before the correct temperature is achieved. During this period, the control lamp lights red and the acoustic alarm is heard. It is therefore a good idea to switch off the sound. To do so, press the alarm button (🔊).

The electronic controls have the following functions:

- On/off function
- Temperature setting
- Temperature display
- Automatic defrosting (frost-free models only)
- Super Freeze
- Acoustic and visual alarms
- Fault-finding, emergency and service programs

⏻ On/off switch

❄️ Button for displaying and setting freezer temperature

5 Display showing the temperature

🔊 Button for switching off the alarm

Ⓢ Super Freeze button

## Sensor faults

Various faults may occur while the appliance is in use. If a sensor fault is detected, an F followed by a number is shown on the display. The control lamp lights red and the acoustic alarm is activated.

If this happens, call for service. An integrated emergency program will attempt to maintain an acceptable temperature until the fault is rectified.

## Starting up

Connect the appliance to the socket outlet.

The actual temperature in the freezer is shown on the display.

## Temperature setting

The temperature in the freezer can be set from  $-26^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-16^{\circ}\text{C}$  by pressing the  button. The display shows the temperature setting. Press the button until the desired temperature setting is displayed.

Note that the temperature in the freezer should be  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  or lower in order to prevent microorganisms from multiplying.

## Super Freeze

Before freezing large quantities of fresh food, it is recommended that the Super Freeze function be activated.

To do so, press the Super Freeze button . The control lamp lights yellow to indicate that the Super Freeze function is switched on.

Super Freeze is used to freeze large quantities of fresh items and must be activated up to 24 hours before placing such items in the freezer.

When Super Freeze is switched on, the compressor runs continuously and the temperature in the freezer falls below the normal setting. This temperature reduction ensures that non-frozen items do not affect the temperature and thus the quality of frozen items already stored in the freezer.

Super Freeze is switched off automatically after 24 hours.

## Door-open alarm

If the door has been left open for longer than two minutes, an acoustic alarm is activated and the control lamp lights red. Both these alarms are reset when the door is closed.

## High-temperature alarm

Visual and acoustic alarms are activated if the freezer temperature has been higher than  $-12^{\circ}\text{C}$  for more than 90 minutes. If the temperature drops again, the visual and acoustic alarms remain active and the display continues to show the highest temperature recorded in the freezer. To reset the alarms, press the alarm button . This switches off the alarms and returns the display to the actual temperature in the freezer.

# Use

## Freezer

The appliance is a four-star freezer approved for freezing down and storing frozen items of food. With the exception of frost-free models, the freezer is equipped with a practical tray for freezing berries, ice cubes, etc.

## Freezing

To keep food at its best, items must be frozen to  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  as quickly as possible. When the Super Freeze button is pressed, the compressor runs continuously and the temperature is significantly reduced. If items weighing 3 kg or more are to be frozen, the Super Freeze button should be activated about 24 hours in advance. To freeze smaller quantities, it is sufficient to activate Super Freeze just a couple of hours in advance, or even at the same time as items are placed in the freezer.

There is no need to use Super Freeze when pre-frozen items are placed in the freezer or when small, single items are involved. The control lamp lights yellow as long as the Super Freeze function is active. After 24 hours, the lamp goes out and normal operation is resumed automatically. The alarm may be activated when large quantities are being frozen, but this is quite normal.

Only freeze high-quality produce. Meat, poultry, fish, vegetables, fruit, dairy products and ready-made meals are suitable for freezing. Items with a high water content, e.g. lettuce, radishes, grapes, apples, pears and cucumbers, are not suitable for freezing.

Pack items to be frozen in airtight containers, freezer bags or similar. Freeze

items in suitable portions. Do not freeze vegetables in portions larger than 2.5 kg. Do not freeze meat in portions larger than 2.5 kg. Keep packages dry to prevent them from freezing together. To ensure rapid freezing, make sure, as far as possible, that items placed in the freezer are not touching. Ensure that there is as little air in the packages as possible to prevent the surfaces of the items from drying out. Always remember to write the date, content and quantity on the packages before placing them in the freezer. It is a good idea to group items within the freezer. Keep vegetables in one drawer, meat in another, and so on.

## Thawing

Frozen vegetables and fruit require no thawing before use and can be immersed in boiling water direct from the freezer.

To thaw meat, it is advisable to take it out of the freezer the day before it is to be used and place it in a refrigerator to defrost. This ensures the best hygiene and maintains quality as much as possible.

## Refreezing

If purchased items of frozen food thaw before reaching home, they must not be refrozen but should be consumed within 24 hours or cooked immediately and then frozen.

Frozen items that have been placed in the refrigerator for thawing may be refrozen without risk if they have only just thawed.

### Note:

**Glass bottles or cans containing carbonated (fizzy) drinks must never be placed in the freezer as they may explode.**

# Defrosting

## Automatic defrosting

The freezer is defrosted automatically in models utilising frost-free technology.

## Manual defrosting

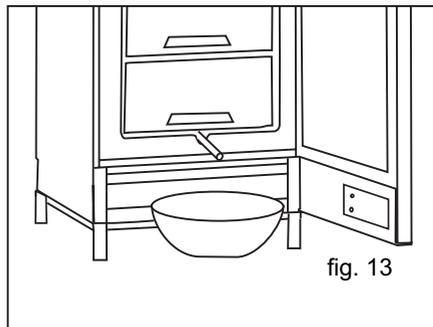
The items stored and the humidity of the air gradually cause frost and ice to form in the freezer. A thin layer of frost or ice does not affect freezer performance, but the thicker the layer, the higher the energy consumption. Loose frost can be removed using a plastic or wooden scraper.

**Never use a knife or other sharp implement that might damage the inside of the freezer.**

When the layer of frost and ice exceeds 4-5 mm the freezer should be completely defrosted.

Proceed as follows:

1. Press the Super Freeze button 4-5 hours before defrosting. This lowers the temperature of the items stored to approx.  $-25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , thus prolonging the length of time they remain frozen after being removed from the freezer (see step 4 below).
2. Disconnect the power by pressing the on/off button.
3. Pull out the drain spout at the bottom of the cabinet and place a bowl under it to collect defrost water (fig. 13). If the spout is frozen in place, lay a cloth which has been soaked in hot water over it for a few minutes.
4. Remove the items of food. Place them in a refrigerator or wrap them in newspaper to keep them as cold as possible.
5. Place a bowl of hot (but not boiling) water in the freezer.
6. To prevent the floor from becoming wet during defrosting, check progress from time to time and lay towels around the bowl on the floor to protect against ice and splashes. When all the frost and ice have melted, clean the inside of the cabinet with a mild detergent solution. Dry the freezer with a soft cloth.
7. Press the on/off button again. If many items are to be returned to the freezer, activate the Super Freeze button.
8. Return items to the freezer approx. 5 minutes after switching it on.



# Cleaning and maintenance

## Cleaning

Switch the appliance off by pressing the on/off button [ ] before cleaning it inside.

The cabinet is best cleaned using warm water (max. 85°C) with a little mild detergent. Never use cleaning agents that scour. Use a soft cloth. Rinse with clean water and dry thoroughly. It is important to prevent water from entering the control panel.

The sealing strip around the door must be cleaned regularly to prevent discolouration and prolong service life. Use clean water. After cleaning the sealing strip, check that it continues to provide a tight seal.

The condensers need no cleaning. They are built in, partly to minimise energy consumption, and partly to prevent them from being damaged.

Stainless steel doors are best cleaned using a care spray and a soft cloth. Various suitable products are available from most household appliance distributors.

If the appliance is not to be used for any length of time, switch it off, empty it, clean the cabinet and fittings, and leave the door slightly open to allow air circulation and prevent smells.

## Save energy

- Cool hot food and beverages before placing them in the refrigerator.
- Thaw frozen items in the refrigerator.
- Keep the door closed as much as possible.
- Ensure that the door is not prevented from closing tightly.



## Fault finding

<b>Fault</b>	<b>Possible cause</b>	<b>Remedy</b>
No control lamps are lit.	The appliance is switched off. Power failure; the fuse is "off"; the appliance is not plugged in correctly.	Press the on/off switch. Check that power is connected. Reset the fuse.
Vibration or bothersome noise.	The appliance is not level. The appliance is resting against other kitchen elements.	Level the appliance using a spirit level. Move the appliance away from the kitchen elements or appliances it is in contact with.
Compressor runs continuously.	Temperature setting too low. High room temperature.	Adjust temperature to a higher setting. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Temperature in freezer too high.	Temperature setting. The quantity of items placed in the freezer at a time is greater than the capacity of the appliance.	Lower the temperature setting. Wait a few hours and then recheck the temperature.

# Warranty, spare parts and service

## Warranty disclaimer

Faults and damage caused directly or indirectly by incorrect operation, misuse, insufficient maintenance, incorrect building-in, installation or mains connection, fire, accident, lightening, voltage variation or other electrical interference, including defective fuses or faults in mains installations, or repairs performed by others than service centres approved by Vestfrost, and any other faults and damage that the manufacturer can substantiate are caused by reasons other than manufacturing or material faults are not covered by the warranty.

Transport damage discovered by the buyer is primarily a matter to be settled between the buyer and the distributor, i.e. the distributor must ensure that such complaints are resolved to the buyer's satisfaction.

Before calling for technical assistance, please check whether you are able to rectify the fault yourself (see Fault finding). If your request for assistance is unwarranted, e.g. if the appliance has failed as a result of a blown fuse or incorrect operation, you will be charged the costs incurred by your call for technical assistance.

## Spare parts

When ordering spare parts, please state the product and serial numbers, and preferably also the production number, of your appliance (see fig. 1 on page 3 and fig. 17 below). This information is given on the nameplate inside the cabinet. The nameplate contains various technical information, including type and serial numbers.

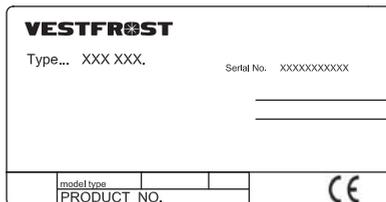


fig. 17

**Note:** Always use approved service centres when your appliance is to be repaired or replaced!

## Service

Vestfrost has local service centres all over the country who specialise in Vestfrost products. Here you can obtain fixed prices and professional help for all repairs. Find your local service centre at [www.vestfrost.dk](http://www.vestfrost.dk).

Vestfrost reserves the right to alter specifications without prior notice.